
kliko Documentation

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Introduction

KLIKO is a specification, validator and parser for the Scientific Compute Container specification. KLIKO is written in Python.

This documentation is intended for the developer who wants to package up a piece of software into a Kliko container.

1.1 installation

Development of Kliko is done on [github](#). You can install Kliko inside a docker container or just on your system:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

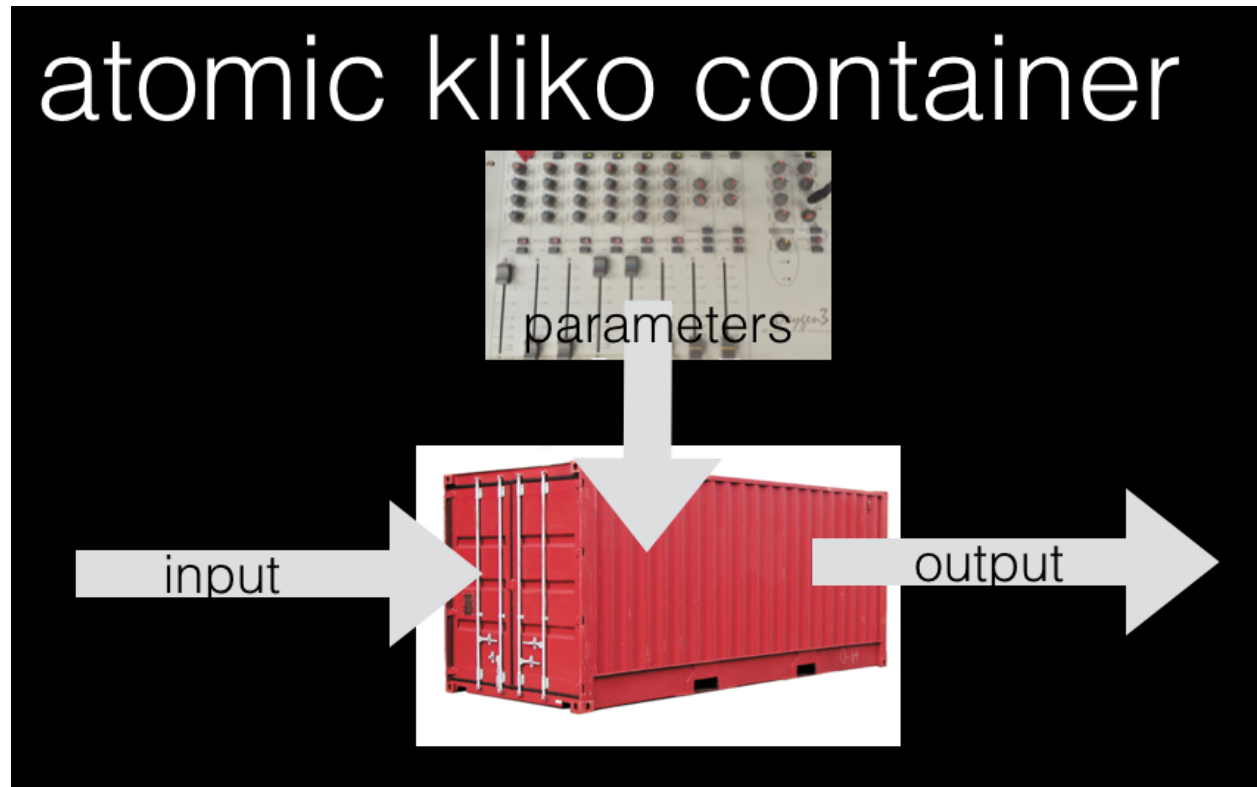
or from pypi:

```
$ pip install kliko
```

1.2 Why Kliko?

Kliko was born out of our needs to have a more formal and uniform way of scheduling batch compute tasks on arbitrary public and private cloud platforms. Docker is perfect for encapsulating and distributing software, but the input output flow is not defined. Kliko is an attempt to create a standard way to define compute input, output and parameters.

Kliko assumes your problem looks like this:



Kliko containers can be chained up in a sequence, for example using [NextFlow](#). An other use case is to simplify the parameterized scheduling of compute tasks using [RODRIGUES](#).

1.3 Getting started

1.3.1 Creating a Kliko container

- Create a Docker container from your application
- Create a script `/kliko` in the container that can parse and use a `/parameters.json` file.
- Add a `kliko.yml` file to the root of the container which defines the valid fields in the parameters file.
- You can validate your kliko file with the `kliko-validate` script installed by the kliko Python library.

1.3.2 Running a kliko container

You can run a kliko container in various ways. The most simple way is to use the `kliko-run` script which is installed on your system when you install Kliko. Use `kliko-run <image-name> --help` to see a list of accepted parameters.

If you already have a parameters file you can also run the container manually:

```
$ docker run -v $(pwd)/parameters.json:/parameters.json:ro -v $(pwd)/input:/input:ro -v $(pwd)/output:/output
```

Finally you can also run kliko images and visualise results using [RODRIGUES](#), a web based kliko runner.

1.4 Contributing

Contributions are more than welcome! If you experience any problems let us know in the bug tracker. We accept patches in the form of github pull requests. Please make sure your code works with python 2 and python3, and is pep8 compatible. Also make sure the test suit actually passes all tests. We use docker in some of the tests so you need to have that installed and configured.

1.5 Testing

Note that before you run the test suite you have to create a `klikotest` docker image by running `make` in the `examples` folder.

Terminology

2.1 Kliko

A specification which defines constraints on a docker container to aid in the scheduling of scientific compute tasks. It is also a Python library that can be used to check if a container confirms the specification.

2.2 Kliko image

A Docker image conforming to the kliko specification. An image is an ordered collection of root filesystem changes and the corresponding execution parameters for use within a container runtime. Images are read-only.

2.3 Kliko container

A container is an active (or inactive if exited) stateful instantiation of an image.

Read more about Docker terminology in the [Docker glossary](#).

2.4 Kliko runner

Something that can run a kliko image. For example the `kliko-run` command line tool, or RODRIGUES.

2.5 The `/kliko.yml` file

A yaml formatted file conforming to the Kliko specification that defines the parameters a Kliko container is expecting. This is the file you want to create and add to your dockdr image if you want to create a Kliko container.

2.6 The `/parameters.json` file

A json encoded structure that contains all the parameter values for your compute task. This file is presented to your container at runtime by the container runner, for example RODRIGUES or Nextflow. The valid fields are defined by the Kliko image container and are defined in the `kliko.yml` file.

2.7 The `/param_files` folder

Files defined in the `kliko.yml` file and specified during runtime should be copied to the `param_file` folder by the kliko runner.

The specification

- Kliko is based on standard docker containers
- A Kliko container should have a `/kliko.yml` file which defines the accepted parameters.
- A Kliko container should have a runnable binary or script named `/kliko`. This will be the entrypoint for the Kliko runner.
- Logging should be written to `STDOUT` and `STDERR`.
- We define two types of compute containers, split IO and joined IO containers. For split IO Input files will be mounted read only into `/input`. Output file should be written to `/output`, which will be mounted by the host. For joined IO containers input & output is the `/work` folder which will be mounted RW.
- Parameters for the computation will be given when the container is run in the form of a file in json format called `/parameters.json`
- Fields with type `file` will enable supply of custom input files. these will be put in the `/input` folder.

3.1 The `/kliko.yml` file

The kliko file should be in YAML format and has these required fields:

3.1.1 `schema_version`

The version of the kliko specification. note that this is independent of the versioning of the Kliko library.

3.1.2 `name`

Name of the kliko image. For example `radioastro/simulator`. Optional.

3.1.3 `description`

A more detailed description of the image.

3.1.4 `author`

Who made the container. Optional.

3.1.5 email

email adres of the author. Optional.

3.1.6 url

Where to find the specific kliko project on the web.

3.1.7 io

Which IO mode to use, could be `join` or `split`. For split IO Input files will be mounted read only into `/input`. Output file should be written to `/output`, which will be mounted by the host. For joined IO containers input & output is the `/work` folder which will be mounted RW.

3.1.8 Sections

The parameters are grouped in sections. Sections are just lists of fields.

3.1.9 fields

A section consists of a list of fields.

3.1.10 field

each field has 2 obligatory keys, a name and a type. Name is a short reference to the field which needs to be unique. This will be the name for internal reference. The type defines the type of the field and can be one of `choice`, `string`, `float`, `file`, `bool` or `int`.

Optional keys are:

- **initial**: supply a initial (default) value for a field
- **max_length**: define a maximum length in case of string type
- **choices**: define a list of choices in case of a choice field. The choices should be a mapping
- **label**: The label used for representing the field to the end user. If no label is given the name of the field is used.
- **required**: Indicates if the field is required or optional
- **help_text**: An optional help text that is presented to the end user next to the field.

3.2 An example kliko.yml file

Below is an example kliko file.

```
1 schema_version: 3
2 name: kliko test image
3 description: for testing purposes only
4 url: https://github.com/gijzelaerr/kliko/tree/master/examples/fitsdoubler
5 io: split
```

```

6 sections:
7   -
8     name: section1
9     description: The first section
10    fields:
11      -
12        name: choice
13        label: choice field
14        type: choice
15        initial: second
16        required: True
17        choices:
18          first: option 1
19          second: option 2
20      -
21        name: string
22        label: char field
23        help_text: maximum of 10 chars
24        type: str
25        max_length: 10
26        initial: empty
27        required: True
28      -
29        name: float
30        label: float field
31        type: float
32        initial: 0.0
33        required: False
34    -
35      name: section2
36      description: The final section
37      fields:
38        -
39          name: file
40          label: file field
41          help_text: this file will be put in /input in case of split io, /work in case of join io
42          type: file
43          required: True
44        -
45          name: int
46          label: int field
47          type: int
48          required: True
49

```

Loading a Kliko container with the previous kliko file is loaded up in RODRIGUES will result in the form below:

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `127.0.0.1:8000/scheduler/job/create/6/`. The page title is "R.O.D.R.I.G.U.E.S." and the user is logged in as "gijs". The main heading is "Create new simulation". The form is divided into three sections:

- The first section:** Contains a choice field (option 2), a char field (empty), and a float field (0,0).
- The final section:** Contains a file field (Choose File), a field with instructions, and an int field.
- Job Parameters:** Contains a job description field and a "Submit simulation" button.

Processing this form will result in the following parameters.json file which is presented to the Kliko container on runtime:

```
1 {"int": 10, "file": "some-file", "string": "gijs", "float": 0.0, "choice": "first"}
```

Inside the container

Inside the klico container you can use the klico library to validate the parameters file and read the settings.

4.1 validation and parsing

Validating and parsing the parameters is quite simple:

```
from klico.validate import validate
parameters = validate()
```

This would open read and parse the files from the default locations. The parameters from `/parameters.json`, which are then validated against `/klico.yml`.

4.2 parameter files

Files defined in the `klico.yml` file and specified during runtime should be copied to the `param_file` folder by the klico runner.

4.3 Environment variables

A klico runner can have influence on the default location by setting environment variables. these variables are:

- INPUT (`klico.input`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/input`
- OUTPUT (`klico.output`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/output`
- WORK (`klico.work`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/work`
- PARAM_FILES (`klico.param_files`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/parame_files`
- KLIKO_FILE (`klico.kliko_file`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/klico.yml`
- PARAM_FILE (`klico.param_file`) - controlling the input folder location, default `/parameters.json`

These

Command Line Utilities

5.1 klico-run

Use this to run the container. Use `klico-run <image-name> --help` to see a list of accepted klico parameters, which are klico container specific. You can override the default input, output (split io) and work (join io) folders using `--input`, `--output` and `--work` flags.

Attention: Always supply absolute paths to these flags, not absolute. Docker doesn't work well with relative paths.

Note: On OSX Klico-run will create a `parameters.json` file and a `param_files` folder in the current worker directory. Normally these are created in a temporary directory in your system, but since Docker on OSX doesn't mount the temporary folder into the docker virtual machine these files are inaccessible from within the docker engine and containers.

5.2 klico-validate

Use this script to check if klico container is valid.

Kliko contains various helper functions to validate Kliko files, parameter files based on a kliko definition, generate command line interfaces and django forms from Kliko definitions.

6.1 Validation

Kliko and parameter validation related functions.

`kliko.validate.convert_to_parameters_schema` (*kliko*)

Convert a kliko schema into a validator for the parameters generated with a kliko schema.

Parameters `kliko` (*str*) – a kliko definition

Returns A structure for a pykwalify validator

`kliko.validate.validate` (*kliko_file=False, paramaters_file=False*)

Validate the kliko and paramaters file and parse the parameters file. Should be run inside the Kliko container.

Parameters

- `kliko_file` (*str*) – Path to a kliko file
- `paramaters_file` (*str*) – path to a parameters file

Returns The validated and parsed paramaters file

`kliko.validate.validate_kliko` (*kliko, version=3*)

validate a kliko yaml string

Parameters `kliko` – a parsed kliko object

Returns a (nested) kliko structure

Return type dict

Raises an exception if the string can't be parsed or is not in the following the Kliko schema

`kliko.validate.validate_parameters` (*parameters, kliko*)

validate a set of parameters given a kliko definition

Parameters

- `parameters` (*dict*) – A structure that should follow the given kliko structure
- `kliko` (*dict*) – A nested dict which defines the valid parameters in Kliko format

Returns the parsed parameters

Return type str

Raises an exception if the string can't be parsed or is not in the defining valid parameters

6.2 Command line interface generation

Command line utilities for Kliko

`kliko.cli.directory_exists` (*path*)
check if a directory exists

`kliko.cli.file_exists` (*path*)
check if a file exists

`kliko.cli.first_parser` (*argv*)
This is only used when script in invoked with 0 or 1 args (should be kliko image name).

`kliko.cli.generate_kliko_cli_parser` (*kliko_data*, *parent_parser=None*)
Generate a command line parser from a Kliko structure.

Parameters `kliko_data` (*dict*) – A nested kliko structure

Returns a configured argument parser

Return type `argparse.ArgumentParser`

`kliko.cli.kliko_runner` (*argv*)

`kliko.cli.prepare_io` (*parameters*, *io*, *input_path=False*, *output_path=False*, *work_path=False*, *param_files_path=False*)

Parameters

- **parameters** – A dict containing the parameters
- **io** (*str*) – split or join
- **input_path** – input path, defaults to `$(pwd)/input`
- **output_path** – output path, defaults to `$(pwd)/output`
- **work_path** – work path, defaults to `$(pwd)/work`
- **param_files_path** – `param_files_path` path, defaults to `$(pwd)/input`

Returns (path to parameters file, input, output, work, param_files)

Return type tuple

`kliko.cli.second_parser` (*argv*, *kliko_data*)
Used when kliko image is known, so we can extract the parameters.

6.3 Docker

Helper functions for using Kliko in combinaton with Docker

`kliko.docker.extract_params` (*docker_client*, *image_name*)

Parameters

- **docker_client** (*docker.docker.Client*) – a docker client object
- **image_name** (*str*) – name of the image to use for `kliko.yml` extraction

Returns content of the param schema

Return type str

6.4 Django

Helper functions for using Kliko in combination with Django

`kliko.django_form.generate_form` (*parsed*)

Generate a django form from a parsed kliko object

Parameters `params` – A parsed kliko file.

Returns `form_utils.forms.BetterForm`

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